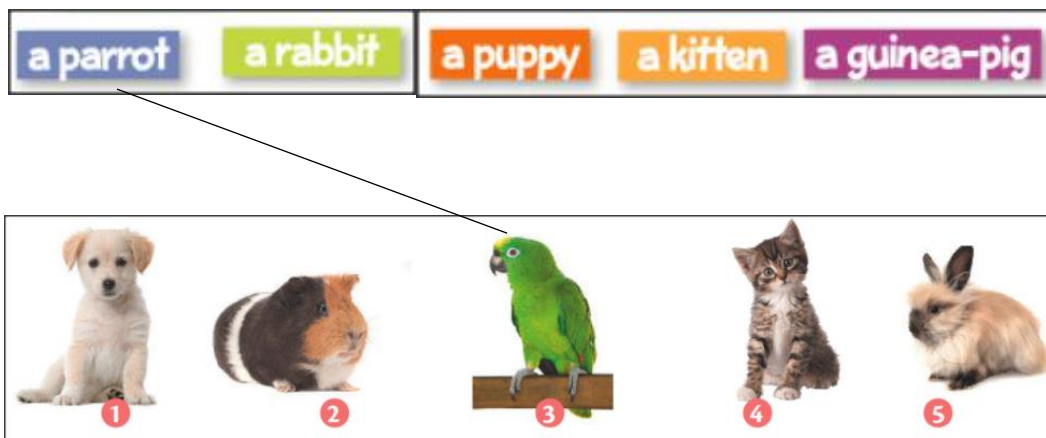


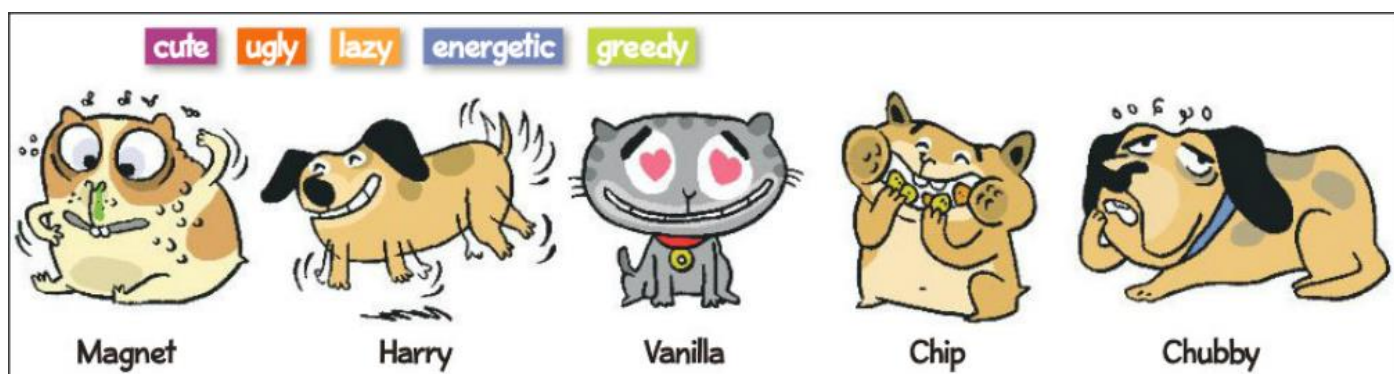
5NB	Anglais	Continuité pédagogique 25-30 octobre
A new friend	Présenter un animal de compagnie. Grammaire: présent simple, la fréquence Lexique: les animaux domestiques, les adjectifs de personnalité	

A new friend

1. Link the words with the right pictures.



2. Read the definitions below and match the words with the right animals.



1. Cute: when someone is attractive, pretty.
2. Ugly: when someone is not attractive, not beautiful.
3. Lazy: when someone does not like to work.
4. Energetic: when someone is dynamic
5. Greedy: when someone eats a lot.

Make sentences:

Example: Magnet is ugly,

Harry is.....
 Vanilla is
 Chip is
 Chubby is

3. These animals need adopting. Write a text about the rabbit. Use the information below.

▶ Please, adopt us!



Daisy & Angel

- › 1 month old
- › small nose, little ears
- › cute, always loving
- › meat and often carrots
- › water, milk
- › sleep a lot

Example

Daisy and Angel **are** 1 month old. They **have got** a small nose and little ears. They **are** cute and always loving. They **eat** meat and they often eat carrots. They **drink** water and milk. They **sleep** a lot.

▶ Do you want to be my friend?



Casper

- › 5 months old
- › long ears
- › always energetic, funny
- › carrots and lettuce every day, no meat
- › water, no milk
- › always hides under the bed

Your turn!

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

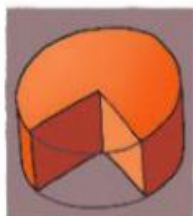
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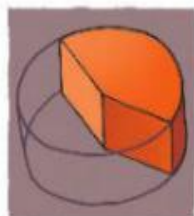
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always



often



sometimes



never

Le présent simple et l'expression de la fréquence

→ Tu utilises les adverbes de fréquence et le présent simple pour dire si tu fais une action toujours (**always**), habituellement (**usually**), souvent (**often**), parfois (**sometimes**), ou jamais (**never**).



L'adverbe de fréquence se place toujours **avant** le verbe. Mais il se place **après** l'auxiliaire **be**.

Forme affirmative	Forme négative	Forme interrogative
Chester is always energetic.	My cat doesn't often eat carrots.	How often do you feed her?

1 Conjugue les verbes entre parenthèses au présent simple. Attention à la place de l'adverbe.

- a. Chester (*run*) in the garden. (*always*)
- b. I (*not take*) my cat to the park. (*often*)
- c. My hamster (*sleep*) at night. (*never*)
- d. Linda (*brush*) the animals at the shelter. (*sometimes*)
- e. Parrots (*not eat*) meat. (*usually*)

2 Fais correspondre les questions (a-d) aux réponses (1-4).

- a. How often does he walk your dog?
 - b. What do you do at the shelter?
 - c. Do you sometimes brush your guinea-pig?
 - d. What is your monkey like?
- 1. I usually help with the animals.
 - 2. Yes, sometimes.
 - 3. He's always funny and clever.
 - 4. He walks him twice a week.