

- * un Poilu : French soldiers nickname during the First World War.
- * Trench (tranchée) : ditch dug in the ground by soldiers to protect themselves from enemy fire.
- * Trench warfare (guerre de tranchée) : A type of combat in which opposing troops fight from a long ditch facing each other.
- * No man's land : area located between two enemy lines, not occupied. Place where the men mount the attack.
- * Shrapnel : metal balls contained in shells and which are dispersed during the explosion of this shell.
- * Fritz (Boche) : nickname given by the Britain to the Germans (The nickname Boche was given by the French).
- * Tommies : Name given to British soldiers.
- * Triple Alliance: military alliance between Austria-Hungary, Germany and Italy.
- * Weltpolitik: policy of conquering territory through war implemented by the Kaiser, William II.
- * Poilus: French soldiers of the Great War.
- * Front: combat zone where two enemy armies meet.
- * Trench: space dug in the ground in which the soldiers live on the front. It serves as protection.
- * No man's land: area between two enemy lines, belonging to no one, and used by the men to attack the trench in front.
- * War of movement: phase of the war when the fronts advance rapidly.
- * shrapnel: metal balls contained in shells that are dispersed when the shell explodes.
- * Triple Entente: military alliance between the UK, France and Russia.
- * mustard gas: a weapon used on the fronts from 1915 that burns the bronchial tubes and asphyxiates soldiers.
- * shells: ammunition used by the heavy artillery.
- * Heavy artillery: very large calibre weapon used from the 3rd line of trenches.
- * war of position: phase of the war where the fronts stagnate. It is characterised by the landscape of trenches and heavy casualties.
- * Gut: a space dug for the movement of men between two lines of trenches.
- * propaganda: dissemination of information to influence public opinion.